

Music 254/CS 275b

Music Query, Analysis, and Style Simulation

- 2–4 Credits
- MW 1:15–3:05, Braun Music Building 128
- Eleanor Selfridge-Field (esfield @ stanford.edu)
- Craig Sapp (craigsapp @ stanford.edu)
- Website: <http://music254.stanford.edu> (<http://254.ccarh.org>)
- Grading: 25% class participation, 75% project
- Deadlines:
 - Project proposal, 3 pages, Wed. 17 April 2013 (end of week 3)
 - Project presentation, 20–30 minutes, Wed. 5 June 2013
 - Project writeup draft, 5+ pages, Wed. 5 June 2013
 - Project writeup, 10–20 pages, Wed. 12 June 2013
- First month: concentration on Humdrum data and tools:
 - harmony, melody, rhythm, regular expressions, data conversion
- Second month: concentration on project research/development
 - Literature reports & project updates by students

Class info (2)

- No class on May 20 & 22 (and possibly 27th)
 - Music Encoding Conference, Mainz, Germany
 - <http://music-encoding.org/conference/program>
- ISMIR paper deadline: 10 May 2013 (<http://www.ppgia.pucpr.br/ismir2013>)
- ICMC (<http://icmc2013.com.au>) August 11-17 (submission date passed)
- ACM various conferences (<http://www.acm.org/conferences>)
- Josquin Research Project concert and workshop (13 & 14 April)
<http://music.stanford.edu/Events/josquin.html>
Sign up if interested in attending workshop.
- Project idea: style analysis in early Renaissance music (<http://jrp.ccarh.org>)

Harmony Tools in Humdrum

craigsapp@stanford.edu

1 April 2013

1. Intervals

hint: harmonic intervals

2. Chords

tn**type**: sonority types

3. Key

key/**keycor**: musical key by correlation

hint

```
humcat h://371chorales/chor001.krn > chor001.krn (Save a local copy of chorale 1)
hint chor001.krn > hint.txt (Save output from hint)
assemble chor001.krn hint.txt > chor001.hint (Merge hint data with original score)
```

!!!COM:	Bach, Johann Sebastian			
!!!CDT:	1685/02/21/-1750/07/28/			
!!!OTL@@DE:	Aus meines Herzens Grunde			
!!!OTL@EN:	From the Depths of My Heart			
!!!SCT:	BWV 269			
*kern	*kern	*kern	*kern	**hint
*Ibass	*Itenor	*Ialto	*Isoprnr	*
*clefF4	*clefGv2	*clefG2	*clefG2	*
*k[f#]	*k[f#]	*k[f#]	*k[f#]	*k[f#]
*G:	*G:	*G:	*G:	*G:
*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4
4GG	4B	4d	4g	M10 m3 P4
=1	=1	=1	=1	=1
4G	4B	4d	2g	M3 m3 P4
4E	8cL	4e	.	m6 M3
.	8BJ	.	.	-
4F#	4A	4d	4dd	m3 P4 P8
=2	=2	=2	=2	=2
4G	4G	2d	4.b	P1 P5 M6
4D	4F#	.	.	M3
.	.	.	8a	-
4E	4G	4B	4g	m3 M3 m6



```
satb2gs file.krn | autostem | hum2muse \
| muse2ps =z21v120,120c120T^^ \
| pstopnm -dpi=300 | convert - -trim \
-resize '33%' file.png
```

Humdrum program documentation

`hint -h` gives one-page summary of *hint* command (similar for all Humdrum Toolkit programs)
`serialize --options` list options for `serialize` command (same for all Humdrum Extras programs)

Humdrum Toolkit man pages:

<http://www.humdrum.org/Humdrum/commands/hint.html>

Humdrum Extras man pages:

<http://extras.humdrum.org/man/serialize>

Chapter 15 in the Humdrum Users' Guide (Harmonic Intervals):

<http://www.humdrum.org/Humdrum/guide15.html>

List of various Humdrum resources:

<http://humdrum.ccarh.org>

hint -a

- a option shows intervals for all note permutations, not just “stacked intervals”

```
hint -a chor001.krn > hinta.txt
```

```
!!!COM: Bach, Johann Sebastian
!!!CDT: 1685/02/21/-1750/07/28/
!!!OTL@DE: Aus meines Herzens Grunde
!!!OTL@EN: From the Depths of My Heart
!!!SCT: BWV 269

**kern **kern **kern **kern **hint
*Ibass *Itenor *Ialto *Isoprns *
*clefF4 *clefG2 *clefG2 *clefG2 *
*k[f#] *k[f#] *k[f#] *k[f#] *k[f#]
*G: *G: *G: *G: *G:
*M3/4 *M3/4 *M3/4 *M3/4 *M3/4
4GG 4B 4d 4g M10 P12 P15 m3 m6 P4
=1 =1 =1 =1 =1
4G 4B 4d 2g M3 P5 P8 m3 m6 P4
4E 8cL 4e . m6 P8 M3
. 8BJ . . -
4F# 4A 4d 4dd m3 m6 m13 P4 P11 P8
=2 =2 =2 =2 =2
4G 4G 2d 4.b P1 P5 M10 P5 M10 M6
4D 4F# . . M3
. . . 8a -
4E 4G 4B 4g m3 P5 m10 M3 P8 m6
```

J.S. Bach



hint -c

- Collapse the interval to a single octave. Such as: P12 → P8+P4 → P4

```
hint -ac chor001.krn > hinta.txt
```

```
hint -a -c chor001.krn > hintac.txt
```

**kern	**kern	**kern	**kern	**hint
*Ibass	*Itenor	*Ialto	*Isoprn	*
*clefF4	*clefGv2	*clefG2	*clefG2	*
*k[f#]	*k[f#]	*k[f#]	*k[f#]	*k[f#]
*G:	*G:	*G:	*G:	*G:
*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4
4GG	4B	4d	4g	M3 P5 P1 m3 m6 P4
=1	=1	=1	=1	=1
4G	4B	4d	2g	M3 P5 P1 m3 m6 P4
4E	8cL	4e	.	m6 P1 M3
.	8BJ	.	.	-
4F#	4A	4d	4dd	m3 m6 m6 P4 P4 P1
=2	=2	=2	=2	=2
4G	4G	2d	4.b	P1 P5 M3 P5 M3 M6
4D	4F#	.	.	M3
.	.	.	8a	-
4E	4G	4B	4g	m3 P5 m3 M3 P1 m6
=3	=3	=3	=3	=3
4C	8cL	8eL	4.g	P1 M3 P5 M3 P5 m3
.	8BJ	8d	.	m3
8BBL	4c	8e	.	m2 P4 M3
8AAJ	.	8f#J	8a	M6 P1 m3
4GG	4d	4g	4b	P5 P1 M3 P4 M6 M3

J.S. Bach



Most common harmonic interval

`hint -ac chor001.krn | serialize -c | ridx -GLIMd | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr`

1. `hint -ac chor001.krn`: do harmonic interval analysis (Humdrum Toolkit)
2. `serialize -c`: force intervals one to a line (Humdrum Extras)
3. `ridx -GLIMd`: remove Humdrum file structure from data (Humdrum Extras)
4. `sort`: unix program to sort lines alphabetically (Unix)
5. `uniq -c`: output lines without repetitions, counting occurrences (Unix)
6. `sort -nr`: sort numerically, in reverse order (largest count first) (Unix)

```
**hint
*k[f#]
*G:
*M3/4
M3 P5 P1 m3 m6 P4
=1
M3 P5 P1 m3 m6 P4
m6 P1 M3
-
m3 m6 m6 P4 P4 P1
=2
P1 P5 M3 P5 M3 M6
M3
-
m3 P5 m3 M3 P1 m6
```

```
**hint
*k[f#]
*G:
*M3/4
M3
P5
P1
m3
m6
P4
=1
M3
P5
P1
m3
m6
P4
```

```
M3
P5
P1
m3
m6
P4
M3
P5
P1
m3
m3
m6
m6
```

```
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
```

```
21 -
2 A4
4 M2
55 M3
23 M6
43 P1
30 P4
44 P5
3 d5
2 m2
42 m3
24 m6
6 m7
```

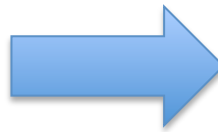
```
55 M3
44 P5
43 P1
42 m3
30 P4
24 m6
23 M6
21 -
6 m7
4 M2
3 d5
2 m2
2 A4
```

ditto

- *hint* ignores null tokens, resulting in harmonic intervals between note attacks only
- To also include intervals to sustained intervals from previous attacks, use *ditto*
- This fills in the null token with the continuing data token it represents

ditto chor001.krn

```
**kern  **kern  **kern  **kern
*Ibass  *Itenor *Ialto  *Isoprn
*clefF4 *clefG2  *clefG2  *clefG2
*k[f#]  *k[f#]  *k[f#]  *k[f#]
*G:     *G:     *G:     *G:
*M3/4   *M3/4   *M3/4   *M3/4
4GG     4B      4d      4g
=1       =1      =1      =1
4G      4B      4d      2g
4E      8cL     4e      .
.        8BJ     .        .
4F#     4A      4d      4dd
=2       =2      =2      =2
4G      4G      2d      4.b
4D      4F#     .        .
.        .        .        8a
4E      4G      4B      4g
```



```
**kern  **kern  **kern  **kern
*Ibass  *Itenor *Ialto  *Isoprn
*clefF4 *clefG2  *clefG2  *clefG2
*k[f#]  *k[f#]  *k[f#]  *k[f#]
*G:     *G:     *G:     *G:
*M3/4   *M3/4   *M3/4   *M3/4
4GG     4B      4d      4g
=1       =1      =1      =1
4G      4B      4d      2g
4E      8cL     4e      2g
4E      8BJ     4e      2g
4F#     4A      4d      4dd
=2       =2      =2      =2
4G      4G      2d      4.b
4D      4F#     2d      4.b
4D      4F#     2d      8a
4E      4G      4B      4g
```

Most common harmonic interval including sustained notes

`hint -ac chor001.krn | serialize -c | ridx -GLIMd | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr`

`ditto chor001.krn | hint -ac | serialize -c | ridx -GLIMd | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr`

attacks

```
55 M3
44 P5
43 P1
42 m3
30 P4
24 m6
23 M6
21 -
6 m7
4 M2
3 d5
2 m2
2 A4
```

+sustains

```
76 P5
75 M3
74 m3
59 P1
56 P4
43 M6
41 m6
18 m7
16 M2
9 A4
7 d5
4 m2
2 M7
```

All Bach Chorales

download and save all 370 chorales locally:

`humcat -s h://371chorales > 371chorales.krns` (one file containing all chorales)

`humcat -s h://371chorales | humsplit` (separate each chorale into a separate file)

`hint -ac 371chorales.krns | serialize -c | ridx -GLIMd | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr`

`ditto 371chorales.krns | hint -ac | serialize -c | ridx -GLIMd | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr`

```
18053 m3
17545 P5
16147 M3
15263 P1
10812 P4
10035 M6
9935 m6
2537 M2
1542 m7
1534 A4
1103 d5
397 m2
248 M7
175 d7
64 A2
62 d4
43 A5
2 A6
1 d1
```

```
18053 m3
17545 P5
16147 M3
15263 P1
10812 P4
10035 M6
9935 m6
2537 M2
1542 m7
1534 A4
1103 d5
397 m2
248 M7
175 d7
64 A2
62 d4
43 A5
2 A6
1 d1
```

Beethoven String Quartets

download and save all quartets locally:

```
humcat -s h://beethoven/quartets > beethoven-quartets.krns  
or humcat -s h://beethoven/quartets | humsplit
```

```
hint -ac beethoven-quartets.krns | serialize -c | ridx -GLIMd | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr
```

```
ditto beethoven-quartets.krns | hint -ac | serialize -c | ridx -GLIMd | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr
```

60156	P1		
40163	m3	269	A6
31479	M3	104	A1
26374	P5	80	d6
24285	M6	67	d3
21775	P4	55	d1
18348	m6	39	A3
10697	m7	27	AA4
9520	M2	23	d2
7491	A4	18	A7
6559	d5	10	dd5
2237	M7	7	dd1
1659	A2	7	AA2
1419	m2	5	dd7
1395	d7	2	dd4
529	A5	2	AA5
431	d4		

102597	P1		
69409	m3	403	A1
57966	M3	223	d1
55746	P5	147	d6
46270	M6	121	A3
45913	P4	113	d3
35295	m6	72	d2
23213	m7	40	A7
22159	M2	37	AA4
14037	A4	34	dd5
12924	d5	15	dd1
6139	M7	13	dd7
4529	m2	13	AA2
3020	A2	3	dd4
2764	d7	3	AA5
1453	A5	1	AA6
1155	d4	1	AA3
533	A6	1	AA1

tntype

Tool for generalized description of sonority types (pitch-class sets)

documentation: <http://extras.humdrum.org/man/tntype>



seven successive sonorities present in the above music:



sonority #: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

tntype -d

Generate a ****dpc** (diatonic pitch-class) spine listing uniq pitch classes in sonorities



sonority #: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

tntype -ad file.krn

**kern	**kern	**kern	**kern	**num	**dpc
=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-
8AL	4c	4a	4cc	1	A c
8GJ	.	.	.	2	(a) (c) G
4F	4e-	8aL	4cc	3	F a c e-
.	.	8gnXJ	.	4	(c) (e-) (F) g
8B-L	4d	4f	4dd	5	B- d f
8AJ	.	.	.	6	(d) (f) A
4G	4g	4b-	4dd	7	G b- d
==	==	==	==	==	==
* _	* _	* _	* _	* _	* _

Normal form



sonority #: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

tntype -na file.krn

**kern	**kern	**kern	**kern	**num	**nf
=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-
8AL	4c	4a	4cc	1	[90]
8GJ	.	.	.	2	[790]
4F	4e-	8aL	4cc	3	[9035]
.	.	8gnXJ	.	4	[0357]
8B-L	4d	4f	4dd	5	[A25]
8AJ	.	.	.	6	[259]
4G	4g	4b-	4dd	7	[7A2]
==	==	==	==	==	==
*_	*_	*_	*_	*_	*_

Transposed normal form



sonority #: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

```
tntype -af file.krn
```

**kern	**kern	**kern	**kern	**num	**tnf
=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-
8AL	4c	4a	4cc	1	{03}
8GJ	.	.	.	2	{025}
4F	4e-	8aL	4cc	3	{0368}
.	.	8gnXJ	.	4	{0357}
8B-L	4d	4f	4dd	5	{047}
8AJ	.	.	.	6	{037}
4G	4g	4b-	4dd	7	{037}
==	==	==	==	==	==
*-	*-	*-	*-	*-	*-

Preserving transposition



sonority #: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

tntype -an input | *tntype* -aft

**kern	**kern	**kern	**kern	**num	**nf	**tnf
=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-
8AL	4c	4a	4cc	1	[90]	{03}T9
8GJ	.	.	.	2	[790]	{025}T7
4F	4e-	8aL	4cc	3	[9035]	{0368}T9
.	.	8gnXJ	.	4	[0357]	{0357}T0
8B-L	4d	4f	4dd	5	[A25]	{047}T10
8AJ	.	.	.	6	[259]	{037}T2
4G	4g	4b-	4dd	7	[7A2]	{037}T7
==	==	==	==	==	==	==
*_	*_	*_	*_	*_	*_	*_

Forte pc-set enumerations



sonority #: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Tntype -an | tntype -aft | tntype -aF

**kern	**kern	**kern	**kern	**num	**nf	**tnf	**forte
=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-
8AL	4c	4a	4cc	1	[90]	{03}T9	2-3
8GJ	.	.	.	2	[790]	{025}T7	3-7
4F	4e-	8aL	4cc	3	[9035]	{0368}T9	4-27
.	.	8gnXJ	.	4	[0357]	{0357}T0	4-22
8B-L	4d	4f	4dd	5	[A25]	{047}T10	3-11
8AJ	.	.	.	6	[259]	{037}T2	3-11
4G	4g	4b-	4dd	7	[7A2]	{037}T7	3-11
==	==	==	==	==	==	==	==
*_	*_	*_	*_	*_	*_	*_	*_

Forte numbers, without inversions



sonority #: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

tntype -an | tntype -aft | tntype -aF --Tn

**kern	**kern	**kern	**kern	**num	**nf	**tnf	**Tn
=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-	=1-
8AL	4c	4a	4cc	1	[90]	{ 03 }T9	2-3
8GJ	.	.	.	2	[790]	{ 025 }T7	3-7
4F	4e-	8aL	4cc	3	[9035]	{ 0368 }T9	4-27
.	.	8gnXJ	.	4	[0357]	{ 0357 }T0	4-22
8B-L	4d	4f	4dd	5	[A25]	{ 047 }T10	3-11B
8AJ	.	.	.	6	[259]	{ 037 }T2	3-11A
4G	4g	4b-	4dd	7	[7A2]	{ 037 }T7	3-11A
==	==	==	==	==	==	==	==
*-	*-	*-	*-	*-	*-	*-	*-

Chord interpretations

humcat [h://371chorales/chor001.krn](http://371chorales/chor001.krn) | tntype -a | tntype -tfa | tntype -Da

**kern	**kern	**kern	**kern	**tnt	**tnf	**description
*Ibass	*Itenor	*Ialto	*Isopr	*	*	*
*k[f#]	*k[f#]	*k[f#]	*k[f#]	*k[f#]	*k[f#]	*k[f#]
*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4
4GG	4B	4d	4g	3-11B	{047}T07	Major Chord
=1	=1	=1	=1	=1	=1	=1
4G	4B	4d	2g	3-11B	{047}T07	Major Chord
4E	8cL	4e	.	3-11B	{047}T00	Major Chord
.	8BJ	.	.	3-11A	{037}T04	Minor Chord
4F#	4A	4d	4dd	3-11B	{047}T02	Major Chord
=2	=2	=2	=2	=2	=2	=2
4G	4G	2d	4.b	3-11B	{047}T07	Major Chord
4D	4F#	.	.	3-11A	{037}T11	Minor Chord
.	.	.	8a	3-11B	{047}T02	Major Chord
4E	4G	4B	4g	3-11A	{037}T04	Minor Chord
=3	=3	=3	=3	=3	=3	=3
4C	8cL	8eL	4.g	3-11B	{047}T00	Major Chord
.	8BJ	8d	.	4-14B	{0457}T07	Perfect-fourth Major Tetrachord
8BBL	4c	8e	.	4-20	{0158}T11	Major-seventh Chord
8AAJ	.	8f#J	8a	3-10	{036}T06	Diminished Chord
4GG	4d	4g	4b	3-11B	{047}T07	Major Chord
=4	=4	=4	=4	=4	=4	=4

Bach chorale chord types

- Are there more major or minor sonorities in Bach chorales?

By musical description:

```
humcat -s h://371chorales | tntype -D | rid -GLId | grep -v = | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr
```

By Forte number:

```
humcat -s h://371chorales | tntype -D | rid -GLId | grep -v = | sort | uniq -c | sort -nr
```

- What is the most common 7th chord sonority?

key

[humcat h:/371chorales/chor001.krn](http://humcat.h:/371chorales/chor001.krn) | key

Estimated key: G major (r=0.9501) confidence: 52.3%

[humcat h:/371chorales/chor001.krn](http://humcat.h:/371chorales/chor001.krn) | key -a

Tonic[0]	major 0.441131	minor 0.0554652
Tonic[1]	major -0.711388	minor -0.415044
Tonic[2]	major 0.775722	minor 0.354884
Tonic[3]	major -0.301544	minor -0.42342
Tonic[4]	major -0.085096	minor 0.540753
Tonic[5]	major 0.00550523	minor -0.515126
Tonic[6]	major -0.407599	minor 0.0398076
Tonic[7]	major 0.9501	minor 0.434019
Tonic[8]	major -0.602254	minor -0.310748
Tonic[9]	major 0.158757	minor 0.224714
Tonic[10]	major -0.11878	minor -0.679797
Tonic[11]	major -0.104554	minor 0.694493

Estimated key: G major (r=0.9501) confidence: 52.3%



keycor

<http://extras.humdrum.org/man/keycor>

- Generalized version of the Humdrum Toolkit key program.

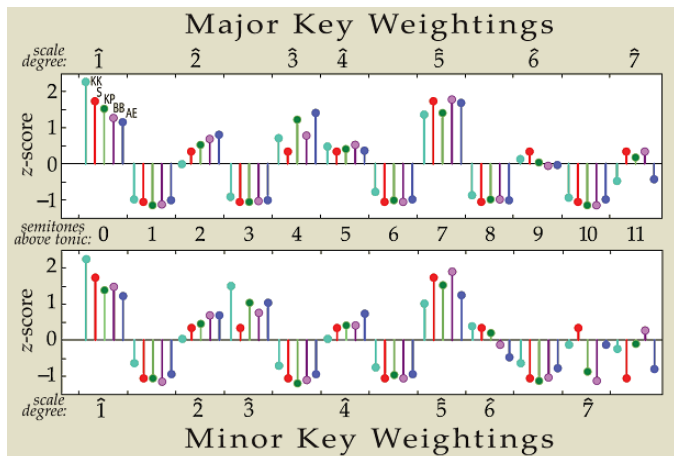
keycor <h://371chorales/chor001.krn>

The best key is: G Major

keycor -c <h://371chorales/chor001.krn>

$$R(x, y) = \frac{\sum (x_n - \bar{x})(y_n - \bar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum (x_n - \bar{x})^2 \sum (y_n - \bar{y})^2}}$$

$$\text{key}_k = \arg \max_k R(x, y_k)$$

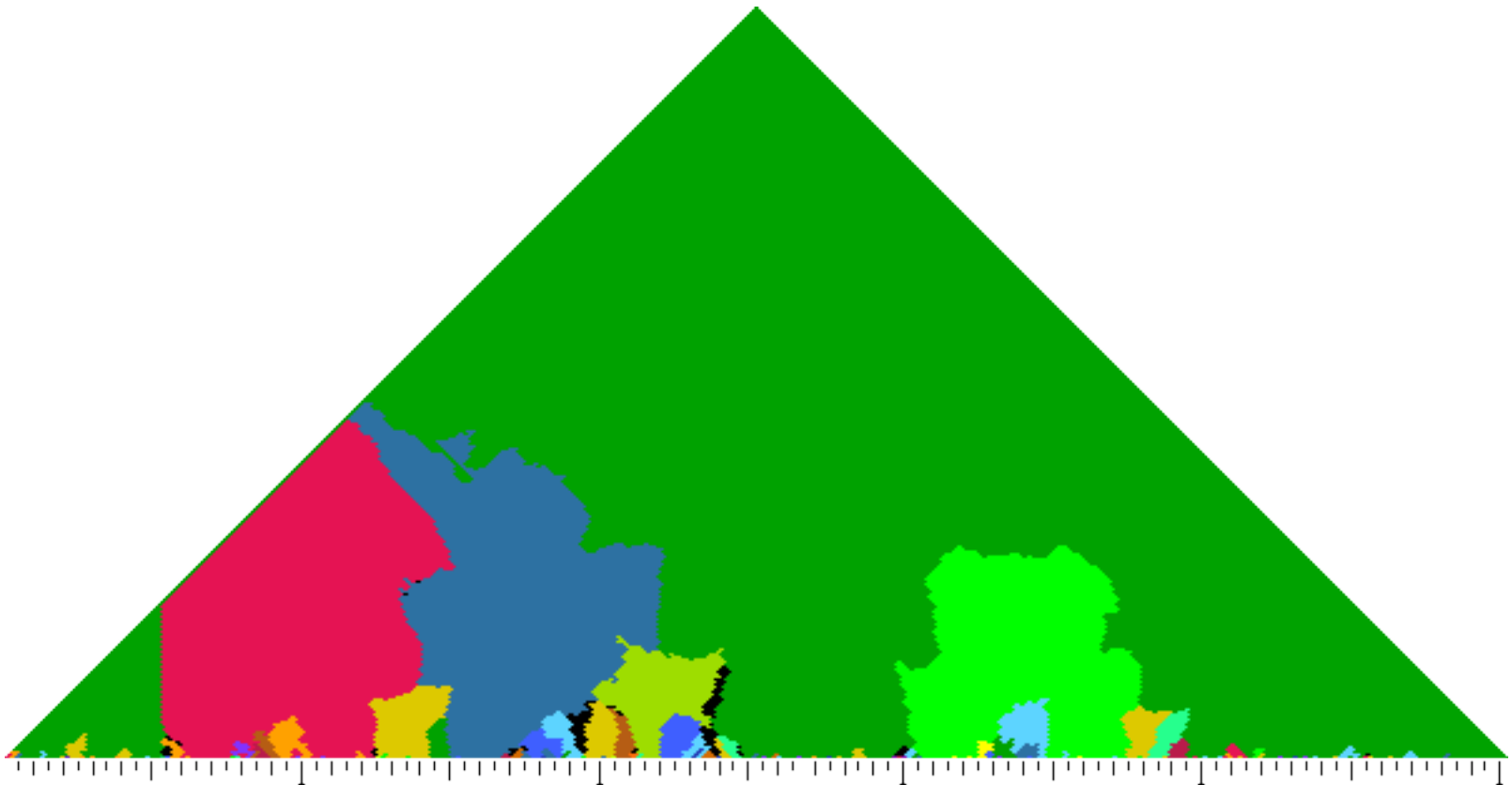


**key	**rval	**conf	**start	**mid	**end
G	0.952	82	=0	=5	=11
G	0.956	87	=1	=6	=11
G	0.973	87	=1	=6	=12
G	0.974	97	=1	=6	=12
G	0.969	90	=2	=7	=12
G	0.975	94	=2	=7	=13
G	0.971	86	=2	=7	=13
G	0.969	92	=3	=8	=13
G	0.959	92	=3	=8	=14
G	0.959	86	=3	=8	=14
G	0.969	81	=4	=9	=14
G	0.958	71	=4	=9	=15
G	0.959	70	=4	=9	=15
G	0.962	71	=5	=10	=15
G	0.963	64	=5	=10	=16
G	0.960	67	=5	=10	=16
G	0.943	64	=6	=11	=16
G	0.960	69	=6	=11	=17
G	0.954	72	=6	=11	=17
G	0.948	64	=7	=12	=17
G	0.952	66	=7	=12	=18
G	0.966	76	=7	=12	=18
G	0.976	86	=8	=13	=18
G	0.975	83	=8	=13	=19
G	0.965	87	=8	=13	=19
G	0.970	93	=9	=14	=19
G	0.975	88	=9	=14	=20
G	0.972	82	=9	=14	=20
G	0.978	80	=10	=15	=20
G	0.980	78	=10	=15	=21
G	0.972	68	=10	=15	=21
* _	* _	* _	* _	* _	* _

mkeyscape

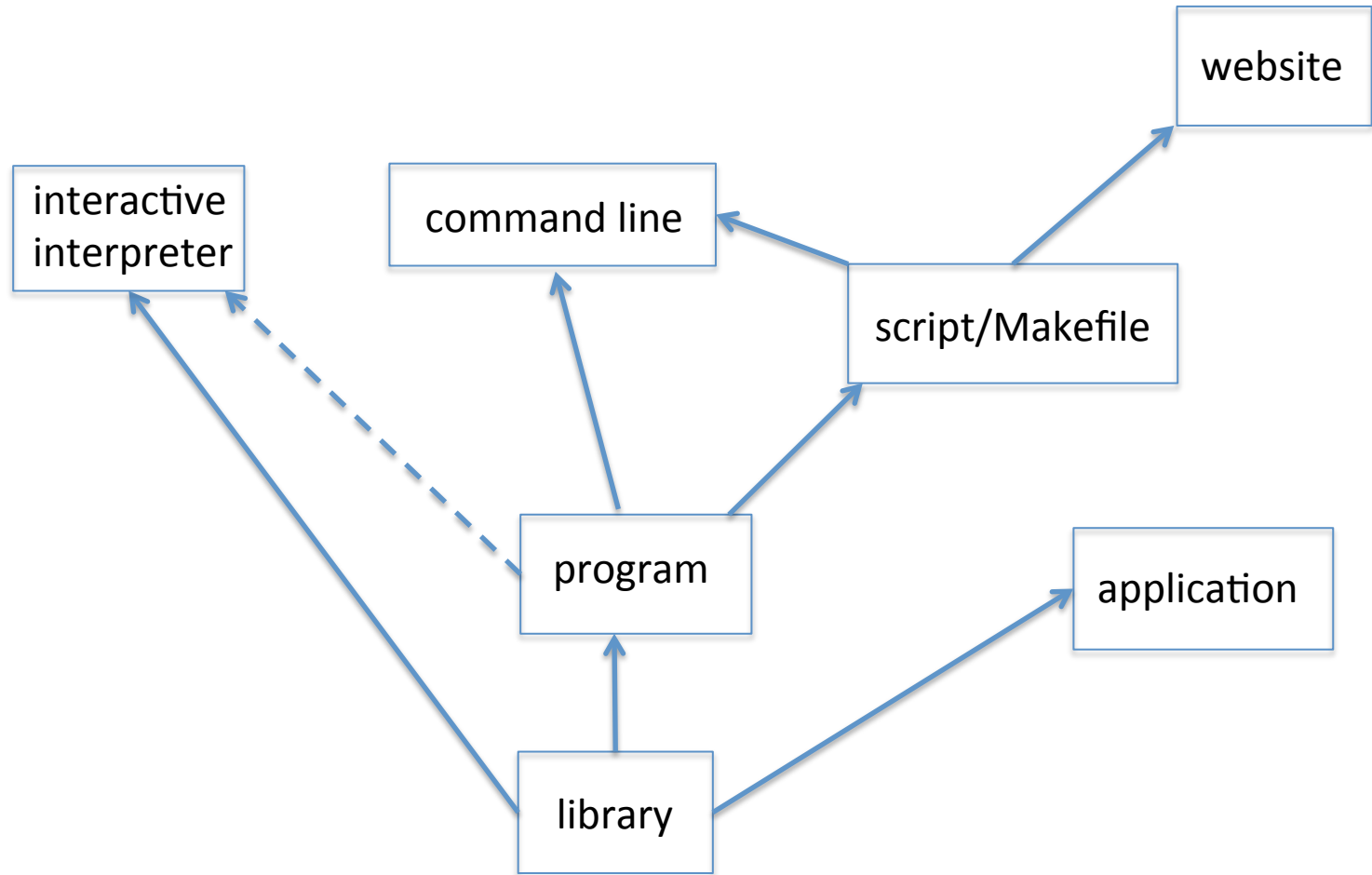
<http://extras.humdrum.org/man/mkeyscape/>

- Structural analysis of key in a piece of music



* Beethoven's 5th symphony in C minor, first movement

Humdrum Interfacing

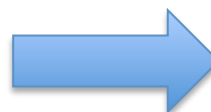


C++ harmony analysis skeleton

```
git clone https://github.com/craigsapp/humextras
cd humextras
make library
```

Then place the following code into `humextras/src-programs/midinotes.cpp`
and then type “`make midinotes`”, then type “`bin/midinotes h://371chorales/chor001.krn`”

```
**kern  **kern  **kern  **kern
*Ibass  *Itenor *Ialto  *Isoprn
*k[f#]  *k[f#]  *k[f#]  *k[f#]
*G:     *G:     *G:     *G:
*M3/4   *M3/4   *M3/4   *M3/4
4GG     4B      4d      4g
=1      =1      =1      =1
4G      4B      4d      2g
4E      8cL     4e      .
.        8BJ     .        .
4F#     4A      4d      4dd
=2      =2      =2      =2
4G      4G      2d      4.b
4D      4F#     .        .
.        .        .        8a
4E      4G      4B      4g
=3      =3      =3      =3
4C      8cL     8eL     4.g
.        8BJ     8d      .
8BBL    4c      8e      .
```



```
43 59 62 67
55 59 62 67
52 60 64 67
52 59 64 67
54 57 62 74
55 55 62 71
50 54 62 71
50 54 62 69
52 55 59 67
48 60 64 67
48 59 62 67
47 60 64 67
```

midinotes.cpp (1)

```
// This program takes multiple input files or standard input and outputs a
// list of MIDI pitches sounding at a every time (line) in the input score(s).

#include "humdrum.h"

void processSegment      (HumdrumFile& infile);
void processLine         (HumdrumFile& infile, int line);
void addFieldMidiNotes   (Array<int>& notelist, HumdrumFile& infile, int line,
                          int field);

int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    Options options;
    options.process(argc, argv);
    HumdrumFileSet infiles;
    int i;
    int incount = options.getArgCount();
    if (incount < 1) {
        infiles.read(cin);
    } else {
        for (i=0; i<incount; i++) {
            infiles.readAppend(options.getArg(i+1));
        }
    }

    for (i=0; i<infiles.getCount(); i++) {
        processSegment(infiles[i]);
    }

    return 0;
}
```

midinotes.cpp (2)

```
// processSegment -- handle data extraction from one Humdrum file segment
//      (such as a movement, or individual work from a collection).
void processSegment(HumdrumFile& infile) {
    for (int i=0; i<infile.getNumLines(); i++) {
        if (!infile[i].isData()) {
            continue;
        }
        processLine(infile, i);
    }
}

// processLine -- Print notes for one line of data.
void processLine(HumdrumFile& infile, int line) {
    Array<int> notelist;
    notelist.setSize(1000);
    notelist.setSize(0);
    for (int j=0; j<infile[line].getFieldCount(); j++) {
        if (infile[line].isExInterp(j, "**kern")) {
            addFieldMidiNotes(notelist, infile, line, j);
        }
    }
    for (int i=0; i<notelist.getSize(); i++) {
        cout << notelist[i];
        if (i < notelist.getSize()-1) {
            cout << ' ';
        }
    }
    if (notelist.getSize() > 0) {
        cout << '\n';
    }
}
```

midinotes.cpp (3)

```
// addFieldMidiNotes -- Print one or more notes in a Humdrum **kern token.
//      Don't do anything if there is a rest.

void addFieldMidiNotes(Array<int>& notelist, HumdrumFile& infile, int line,
    int field) {
    int k;
    int midinote;
    int tline = line;
    int tfield = field;
    char buffer[1024] = {0};

    if (strcmp(infile[line][field], ".") == 0) {
        // resolve data represented by null token
        tline = infile[line].getDotLine(field);
        tfield = infile[line].getDotSpine(field);
    }

    int tcount = infile[tline].getTokenCount(tfield);
    for (k=0; k<tcount; k++) {
        infile[tline].getToken(buffer, tfield, k);
        if (strchr(buffer, 'r') != NULL) {
            // ignore rests
            continue;
        }
        midinote = Convert::kernToMidiNoteNumber(buffer);
        notelist.append(midinote);
    }
}
```