

# Humdrum Rhythm Tools

craig @ ccrma.stanford.edu

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# Humdrum program documentation

`timebase -h` gives one-page summary of *mint* command (similar for all Humdrum Toolkit programs)  
`beat --options` list options for *serialize* command (same for all Humdrum Extras programs)

Humdrum Toolkit man pages:

<http://www.humdrum.org/Humdrum/commands/timebase.html>

Humdrum Extras man pages:

<http://extras.humdrum.org/man/beat>

Chapter 23 in the Humdrum Users' Guide (Rhythm):

<http://www.humdrum.org/Humdrum/guide23.html>

List of various Humdrum resources:

<http://humdrum.ccarh.org>

Humdrum Users' Group (\*\*HUG):

<https://groups.google.com/forum/?fromgroups#!forum/starstarhug>

# beat

<http://extras.humdrum.org/man/beat>

	beat	beat -f	beat -c	beat -d
**kern	**beat	**beat	**absb	**dur
*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4
*clefG2	*	*	*	*
8cL	3	3	0	0.5
8dJ	3.5	3+1/2	0.5	0.5
=1	=1	=1	=1	=1
4e	1	1	1	1
12fL	2	2	2	0.333333
12e	2.333333	2+1/3	2.333333	0.333333
12fJ	2.666667	2+2/3	2.666667	0.333333
[4e	3	3	3	2
=2	=2	=2	=2	=2
4e]	.	.	4	.
12.fL	2	2	5	0.5
24gk	2.5	2+1/2	5.5	0.166667
12aJ	2.666667	2+2/3	5.666667	0.333333
4b	3	3	6	1
=3	=3	=3	=3	=3
2c	1	1	7	2
==	==	==	==	==
*_	*_	*_	*_	*_





# Isorhythm

humsplit h://wtc

Download all WTC preludes and fugues

How many preludes/fugues are isorhythmic?

Are preludes or fugues more commonly isorhythmic?

```
beat -d wtc1p01.krn | ridx -H | uniq -c
```

```
544 0.25
```

```
1 4
```

```
beat -d wtc1f01.krn | ridx -H | uniq -c
```

```
3 0.5
```

```
1 0.75
```

```
2 0.125
```

```
3 0.5
```

```
1 0.75
```

```
11 0.25
```

```
1 0.5
```

```
1 0.25
```

```
2 0.125
```

```
3 0.5
```

```
etc.
```

# Isorhythm script

```
use strict;
my @files = @ARGV;
print "***file\t**rseqnum\t**unum\t**unum2";
Print "\t**most\t**score1\t**score2\n";
foreach my $file (@files) {
    analyzeFile($file);
}
print "*-\t*-\t*-\t*-\t*\n";

exit(0);
```

```
sub analyzeFile {
    my ($file) = @_ ;

    my $rseq = `beat -d $file | ridx -H`;
    my @rseqA = split(/\n/, $rseq);
    my $rseqnum = @rseqA;
    my $rnum = `beat -d $file | ridx -H | sort | uniq -c | wc -l`;
    chomp $rnum;
    my $useq = `beat -d $file | ridx -H | uniq -c`;
    my $useqnum = `beat -d $file | ridx -H | uniq -c | wc -l`;
    chomp $useqnum;
    my $useqmax = `beat -d $file | ridx -H | uniq -c | sort -nr | head -n 1`;
    chomp $useqmax;
    $useqmax =~ /(\d+)/;
    $useqmax = $1;
    my $mostcommonrhythm = `beat -d $file | ridx -H | sort -n | uniq -c | sort -nr | head -n 1`;
    chomp $mostcommonrhythm;
    $mostcommonrhythm =~ /(\d+)\s+([\d]+)/;
    my $mostcount = $1;
    $mostcommonrhythm = $2;

    # score 1: divide maximum length sequence by total rhythms:
    my $score1 = $useqmax / $rseqnum;
    $score1 = int($score1 * 1000.0 + 0.5) / 1000.0;

    # score 2: divide most common rhythm by total rhythms:
    my $score2 = $mostcount / $rseqnum;
    $score2 = int($score2 * 1000.0 + 0.5) / 1000.0;

    print "$file\t$rseqnum\t$rnum\t$useqnum\t$mostcommonrhythm\t$score1\t$score2\n";
}
```

# gettime

<http://extras.humdrum.org/man/gettime>

- Calculate the performance time in seconds/milliseconds for a score.

`gettime -T` :: calculate the total performance duration of the score(s)

`gettime -T h://chopin/preludes/prelude28-01.krn`

Total time: 25.5 seconds

`gettime -T h://chopin/preludes`

Total time: 31:05.83537 minutes

`gettime -T h://chopin/mazurkas`

Total time: 1:51:39.4903 hours

`thrux h://beethoven/sonatas | gettime -T`

Total time: 9:23:55.3539 hours

`thrux -v norep h://beethoven/sonatas | gettime -T`

Total time: 7:44:52.8678 hours



# Longest Beethoven sonata

```
humsplit h://beethoven/sonatas
```

```
for i in `seq -w 32`
```

```
do
```

```
    echo Sonata $i `cat sonata$i* | thrux | gettime -T | tail -n 1`;
```

```
done | sort -n -k 2 -t :
```

```
Sonata 09 Total time: 15:33.7273 minutes  
Sonata 12 Total time: 17:08.61713 minutes  
Sonata 01 Total time: 19:37.2288 minutes  
Sonata 15 Total time: 20:17.9069 minutes  
Sonata 17 Total time: 20:48.8071 minutes  
Sonata 32 Total time: 20:44.6422 minutes  
Sonata 11 Total time: 21:55.8766 minutes  
Sonata 16 Total time: 21:59.6136 minutes  
Sonata 18 Total time: 21:14.15 minutes  
Sonata 21 Total time: 21:45.6618 minutes  
Sonata 03 Total time: 22:15.5389 minutes  
Sonata 07 Total time: 22:30.0455 minutes  
Sonata 23 Total time: 23:29.6134 minutes  
Sonata 02 Total time: 26:03.92308 minutes  
Sonata 04 Total time: 30:50.8052 minutes  
Sonata 29 Total time: 42:11.2835 minutes
```

```
Sonata 09 Total time: 15:33.7273 minutes  
Sonata 12 Total time: 17:08.61713 minutes  
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Sonata 04 Total time: 30:50.8052 minutes  
Sonata 29 Total time: 42:11.2835 minutes
```

# minrhy

<http://extras.humdrum.org/man/minrhy>

- Calculates the minimum rhythmic unit for which all rhythms in the score are integer multiples.

```
**kern
*M3/4
*clefG2
8cL
8dJ
=1
4e
12fL
12e
12fJ
[4e
=2
4e]
12.fL
24gk
12aJ
4b
=3
2c
==
*_
```

minrhy  
24

- Smallest rhythm value not necessarily present:

```
**kern
4c
8d
8d
12e
12e
12e
*_
```



24

# scordur

Scordur h://chopin/preludes/prelude28-01.krn

34 (quarter notes)

Useful for checking the duration of parts before assembling into a score

# timebase

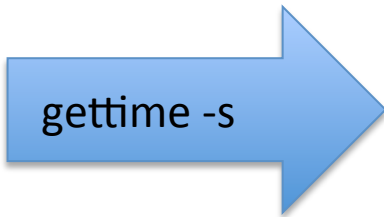
<http://www.humdrum.org/Humdrum/commands/timebase.html>

- Insert null-tokens lines to make all data lines represent the same duration.
- Use minrhy to calculate the time unit to use with timebase
- Data loss if timebase rhythm is too large
- Grace notes are lots (should be fixed by converting to reversible comments)

	minrhy	timebase -t 8	timebase -t 16
**kern	8	**kern	**kern
2c		*tb8	*tb16
8d		2c	2c
4e		.	.
8f		.	.
4g		.	.
*_		8d	8d
		4e	4e
		.	.
		8f	8f
		4g	4g
		.	.
		*_	*_

# gettime (2)

```
**kern
*M4/4
*MM60
=1-
4c
4d
4e
4f
=2
*MM120
4c
4d
4e
4f
=3
*MM144
4c
4d
4e
4f
==
*
```



gettime -s

```
**time
*u=sec
*M4/4
*MM60
=1-
0
1
2
3
=2
*MM120
4
4.5
5
5.5
=3
*MM144
6
6.41667
6.83333
7.25
==
*
```

gettime -as | gettime -at

```
**kern    **time    **tempo
*         *u=sec   *
*M4/4    *M4/4    *M4/4
*MM60    *MM60    *MM60
=1-      =1-      =1-
4c       0       60
4d       1       60
4e       2       60
4f       3       60
=2       =2       =2
*MM120   *MM120   *MM120
4c       4       120
4d       4.5     120
4e       5       120
4f       5.5     120
=3       =3       =3
*MM144   *MM144   *MM144
4c       6       144
4d       6.41667 144
4e       6.83333 144
4f       7.25    144
==       ==       ==
*        *        *
```

# assemble

- Reverses the process of `extract` command, joining parts into full score
1. Calculate the minimum rhythmic unit (least common multiple of all rhythms in the input to `assemble`).
  2. Apply timebase at that minimum rhythm (warning about grace notes)
  3. Run `assemble` command
  4. Remove null-token lines

file1.krn

\*\*kern

\*M3/4

=1-

4c/

8aL/

8aL/

4c/

==

\*\_

file2.krn

\*\*kern

\*M3/4

=1-

4cc\

12ccL\

12cc\

12ccJ\

4cc\

==

\*\_

minrhy file1.krn file2.krn

file1.krn: 8

file2.krn: 12

all: 24

timebase -t 24 file1.krn > t1.krn

timebase -t 24 file2.krn > t2.krn

assemble t2.krn t1.krn | rid -d > score.krn

# partjoin

- timebase command eats grace notes (\*\*kern notes which contain “q” character)
- partjoin script automates minrhy/timebase/assemble & handles grace notes

```
#!/usr/bin/perl
use strict;
my @files = @ARGV;
die "Usage: $0 file1 file2 ...\n" if @files < 2;
my $filelist = join(" ", @files);
my $minrhy = `minrhy $filelist`;
$minrhy =~ /all:\s*(\d+)/;
$minrhy = $1;
my @assemblefiles;
foreach my $file (@files) {
    my $contents = getContents($file);
    open (PROCESS, "|timebase -t $minrhy > $file-timebase$minrhy") or die;
    print PROCESS $contents;
    close PROCESS;
    $assemblefiles[@assemblefiles] = "$file-timebase$minrhy";
}
my $assemblelist = join(" ", reverse @assemblefiles);
my $result = `assemble $assemblelist | rid -d | grep -v "^*tb"`;
printResult($result);
rm -f $assemblelist;
exit(0);
```

```
sub getContents {
    my ($file) = @_ ;
    open (FILE, $file) or die;
    my @contents = <FILE>;
    for (my $i=0; $i<@contents; $i++) {
        my $line = $contents[$i];
        next if $line =~ /^!/;
        next if $line =~ /^\\*/;
        if ($line =~ /q/) {
            my @fields = split(/t/, $line);
            for (my $j=0; $j<@fields; $j++) {
                $fields[$j] = "!QqQ$fields[$j]";
            }
            $contents[$i] = join("\t", @fields);
        }
    }
    return join("", @contents);
}

sub printResult {
    my ($result) = @_ ;
    my @output = split(/\n/, $result);
    my $line;
    foreach $line (@output) {
        if ($line !~ /!QqQ/) {
            print "$line\n";
            next;
        }
        my @fields = split(/t/, $line);
        for (my $j=0; $j<@fields; $j++) {
            my $token = $fields[$j];
            if ($token eq "!") {
                print ".";
            } else {
                $token =~ s/^!QqQ//;
                print $token;
            }
            print "\t" if $j < $#fields;
        }
        print "\n";
    }
}
```

# partjoin (2)



input1.krn

```
**kern
*M3/4
=1-
4c
g#q
8a
g#q
8a
4c
==
*_
```

input2.krn

```
**kern
*M3/4
=1-
4cc\
bq
12ccL\
bq
12cc\
bq
12ccJ\
4cc\
==
*_
```

partjoin input1.krn input2.krn > output.krn

output.krn

```
**kern    **kern
*M3/4     *M3/4
=1-       =1-
4cc\      4c
bq        g#q
12ccL\    8a
bq        .
12cc\     .
.         g#q
.         8a
bq        .
12ccJ\    .
4cc\      4c
==        ==
*_        *_
```



# sample

Extra sonorities at selected rhythms

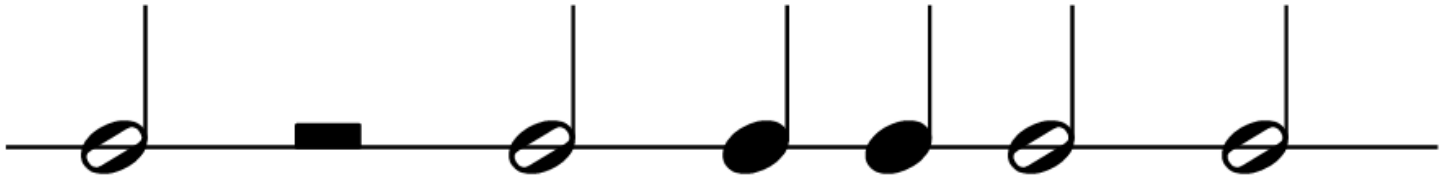
sample h://chorales/chor001.krn

**kern	**kern	**kern	**kern
*k[ f# ]	*k[ f# ]	*k[ f# ]	*k[ f# ]
*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4	*M3/4
4GG	4B	4d	4g
=1	=1	=1	=1
4G	4B	4d	4g
4E	4c	4e	4g
4F#	4A	4d	4dd
=2	=2	=2	=2
4G	4G	4d	4b
4D	4F#	4d	4b
4E	4G	4B	4g
=3	=3	=3	=3
4C	4c	4e	4g
4BB	4c	4e	4g
4GG	4d	4g	4b
=4	=4	=4	=4
4D	4d	4f#	4a
4D	4d	4f#	4a
4GG	4d	4g	4b
=5	=5	=5	=5

# Mensuration patterns

<http://josquin.stanford.edu/images/menpat>

[http://josquin.stanford.edu/images/menpat/m\\_mr\\_m\\_q\\_q\\_m\\_m.svg](http://josquin.stanford.edu/images/menpat/m_mr_m_q_q_m_m.svg)



# JRP Patterns by composer

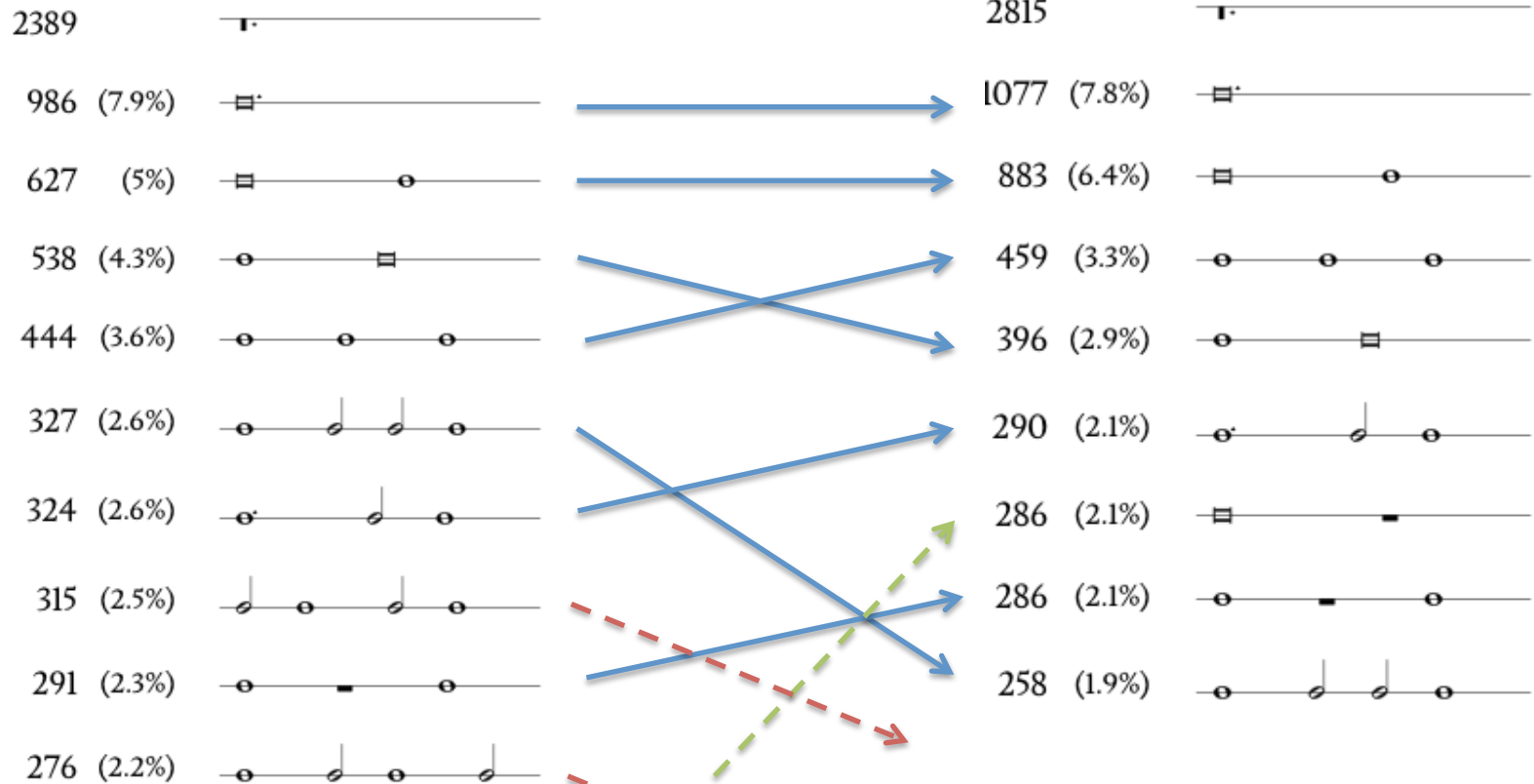
<http://josquin.stanford.edu/analysis/rhythm>

Ockeghem

Josquin

Circle

Circle



# Pattern sequences

```
[
{
  "jrpid"      :      "Jos2721",
  "title"     :      "La Bernardina",
  "genre"     :      "Chanson",
  "vcount"    :      3,
  "voices"    :      ["Superius", "Tenor", "Contra"],
  "features": {
    "rhythm": [
      ["q_q_q_q_m_m", "tq_q_w_m", "w_mr_m", "tm_m_w", "md_q_m_m", "tq_q_m_w", "w_wr",
"w_m_m", "tq_q_q_q_m_m", "tq_q_q_q_m_m", "tq_q_q_q_w", "md_q_m_m", "md_q_m_m", "md_q_w", "b", "b", "b",
"b", "b", "b", "b", "b", "b", "wr_w", "w_w", "wd_q_q", "w_w", "b", "md_q_q_q_q_q", "m_m_m_q_q",
"q_q_q_q_m_m", "m_q_q_q_q_q_q", "m_m_md_q", "q_q_q_q_m_m", "q_q_q_q_q_q_q", "m_m_m_m", "tm_m_m_m",
"md_q_q_q_m", "mr_md_q_m", "m_md_q_q_q", "q_q_m_m_m", "m_m_mr_m", "tb", "tm_m_m_m", "m_m_m_m", "w_w"],
      ["br", "br", "q_q_q_q_m_m", "tq_q_w_m", "b", "tw_w", "wd_m", "m_m_m_m", "wd_m",
"wd_m", "m_w_m", "b", "wr_w", "md_q_m_m", "b", "br", "wr_w", "md_q_m_m", "b", "br", "wr_w", "md_q_m_m",
"b", "wd_q_q", "w_w", "wd_m", "m_m_w", "wd_m", "b", "tw_w", "tb", "b", "tw_w", "tb", "b", "tw_w",
"w_md_q", "m_md_q_q_q", "w_m_m", "w_md_q", "m_m_w", "m_md_q_q_q", "q_q_q_q_w", "w_m_m", "m_m_m_m",
"w_w"],
      ["br", "br", "br", "br", "q_q_q_q_m_m", "tq_q_w_m", "wd_q_q", "m_m_m_m",
"tq_q_q_q_m_m", "tq_q_q_q_m_m", "tq_q_q_q_w", "b", "tb", "br", "wr_w", "md_q_m_m", "b", "br", "wr_w",
"md_q_m_m", "b", "br", "wr_w", "md_q_m_m", "w_w", "tm_m_m_m", "w_w", "tm_q_q_w", "mr_md_q_q_q",
"m_m_mr_m", "tq_q_q_q_m_m", "mr_md_q_q_q", "m_m_mr_m", "tq_q_q_q_m_m", "mr_md_q_q_q", "m_m_w", "w_m_m",
"tq_q_q_q_m_m", "tq_q_q_q_m_m", "mr_md_q_q_q", "m_m_m_m", "m_md_q_q_q", "md_q_q_q_m",
"tq_q_q_q_q_q_q_q", "m_w_m", "tm_m_w"]
    ]
  }
}
]
```

# Search for particular sonority

- How many times and where does the sonority “A B C” occur in a repository?



\*\*kern

a b c

a b- c

\*\_

tntype

\*\*tnt

3-2B

3-2A

\*\_

# ABC sonority

```
tntype -at h://jrp/Jos | ditto -p | hgrep -mbH 3-2 > abc.txt
```

```
os0301a-Missa_Ave_maris_stella-Kyrie.krn:measure 22:beat 7:4E\2d\ (2.F/) (Or) 3-2BT02
Jos0301a-Missa_Ave_maris_stella-Kyrie.krn:measure 30:beat 7:2E\ 2G/ ([1f) 4ee\ 3-2AT04
Jos0301b-Missa_Ave_maris_stella-Gloria.krn:measure 47:beat 7:(1A) (1c) 4B-\ (Or) 3-2AT09
Jos0301b-Missa_Ave_maris_stella-Gloria.krn:measure 63:beat 4:4E\ (Of) (1d) (Or) 3-2BT02
Jos0301b-Missa_Ave_maris_stella-Gloria.krn:measure 71:beat 6:(0D) ([0d) 4e\ (2.ff\ 3-2BT02
Jos0301c-Missa_Ave_maris_stella-Credo.krn:measure 36:beat 12:(2E\ (2G/) 4f\ (2g/) 3-2AT04
Jos0301c-Missa_Ave_maris_stella-Credo.krn:measure 41:beat 10:(2BB-/) 4A/ (2B-\) 4c/ 3-2AT09
Jos0301c-Missa_Ave_maris_stella-Credo.krn:measure 144:beat 7:(0r) (0G) 4A/ (1b-) 3-2BT07
Jos0301c-Missa_Ave_maris_stella-Credo.krn:measure 156:beat 1:2G\ 2B-\ 2r 4a/] 3-2BT07
Jos0301d-Missa_Ave_maris_stella-Sanctus.krn:measure 5:beat 4:(1d) (0.d) 8e\L (1.ff) 3-2BT02
```

...

```
wc -l abc.txt
```

```
1574
```

Count 3-attack: `grep -v '[]()' abc.txt | wc -l`

Classify by transposition: `sed 's/. *3-2/3-2/' abc.txt | sort | uniq -c`

Classify by metric position: `sed 's/. *beat //; s/:.*//' abc.txt | sort -n | uniq -c`