

Creating MIDI Files with binasc

Craig Stuart Sapp

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Download binasc

(install Homebrew from <http://brew.sh> first)

In /Applications/Utilities/Terminal.app, type:

```
git clone http://github.com/craigsapp/binasc
cd binasc
make
make install
```

Binasc means binary ↔ ascii

A form of hex editor: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hex_editor

Hex byte codes to actual bytes

```
4d 54 68 64 00 00 00 06 00 00 00 01 00 80 4d 54 72 6b 00 00 00 8c 00 ff 58  
04 04 02 30 08 00 ff 59 02 00 00 00 90 3c 28 81 00 90 3c 00 00 90 3c 1e 81  
00 90 3c 00 00 90 43 2d 81 00 90 43 00 00 90 43 32 81 00 90 43 00 00 90 45  
2d 81 00 90 45 00 00 90 45 32 81 00 90 45 00 00 90 43 23 82 00 90 43 00 00  
90 41 32 81 00 90 41 00 00 90 41 2d 81 00 90 41 00 00 90 40 32 40 90 40 00  
40 90 40 28 40 90 40 00 40 90 3e 2d 40 90 3e 00 40 90 3e 32 40 90 3e 00 40  
90 3c 1e 82 00 90 3c 00 00 ff 2f 00
```



```
binasc file.txt -c file.mid
```



-C → compile the output into file.mid

Lowest level

Hex byte codes are the most direct representation of a MIDI file's contents:

```
4d 54 68 64 00 00 00 06 00 00 00 01 00 80 4d 54 72 6b 00 00 00 8c 00 ff 58
04 04 02 30 08 00 ff 59 02 00 00 00 90 3c 28 81 00 90 3c 00 00 90 3c 1e 81
00 90 3c 00 00 90 43 2d 81 00 90 43 00 00 90 43 32 81 00 90 43 00 00 90 45
2d 81 00 90 45 00 00 90 45 32 81 00 90 45 00 00 90 43 23 82 00 90 43 00 00
90 41 32 81 00 90 41 00 00 90 41 2d 81 00 90 41 00 00 90 40 32 40 90 40 00
40 90 40 28 40 90 40 00 40 90 3e 2d 40 90 3e 00 40 90 3e 32 40 90 3e 00 40
90 3c 1e 82 00 90 3c 00 00 ff 2f 00
```

But this is not very readable for humans...

Next level of abstraction

Using the *binasc* syntax for alternate representation of bytecodes

"MThd" → 4d 54 68 64

Use bytecode of ASCII printable character

4'6 → 00 00 00 06

Four-byte value for decimal number 6

2'1 → 00 01

Two-byte value for decimal number 1

'60 → 3c

One-byte value for decimal number 60

v128 → 81 00

v0 → 00

Variable-length-value for decimal number 128

Linebreaks are not important, just for readability.

```
"MThd"
4'6
2'0
2'1
2'128
"MTrk"
4'140
v0      ff 58 v4 '4 '2 '48 '8
v0      ff 59 v2 '0 '0
v0      90 '60 '40
v128   90 '60 '0
v0      90 '60 '30
v128   90 '60 '0
v0      90 '67 '45
v128   90 '67 '0
v0      90 '67 '50
v128   90 '67 '0
v0      90 '69 '45
v128   90 '69 '0
v0      90 '69 '50
v128   90 '69 '0
v0      90 '67 '35
v256   90 '67 '0
v0      90 '65 '50
v128   90 '65 '0
v0      90 '65 '45
v128   90 '65 '0
v0      90 '64 '50
v64    90 '64 '0
v64    90 '64 '40
v64    90 '64 '0
v64    90 '62 '45
v64    90 '62 '0
v64    90 '62 '50
v64    90 '62 '0
v64    90 '60 '30
v256   90 '60 '0
v0      ff 2f v0
```

Patch (instrument) Change

<http://www.ccarh.org/courses/253/handout/gminstruments>

Patch change Message:

C_ #



“General MIDI” specifies 128 instruments:

Subtract 1

Piano Timbres:

- 1 Acoustic Grand Piano
- 2 Bright Acoustic Piano
- 3 Electric Grand Piano
- 4 Honky-tonk Piano
- 5 Rhodes Piano
- 6 Chorused Piano
- 7 Harpsichord
- 8 Clavinet

Brass Timbres:

- 57 Trumpet
- 58 Trombone
- 59 Tuba
- 60 Muted Trumpet
- 61 French Horn
- 62 Brass Section
- 63 Synth Brass 1
- 64 Synth Brass 2



```

"MThd"
4 '6
2 '0
2 '1
2 '128
"MTrk"
4 '143
v0      ff 58 v4 '4 '2 '48 '8
v0      ff 59 v2 '0 '0
v0      c0 60
v0      90 '60 '40
v128   90 '60 '0
v0      90 '60 '30
v128   90 '60 '0
v0      90 '67 '45
v128   90 '67 '0
v0      90 '67 '50
v128   90 '67 '0
v0      90 '69 '45
v128   90 '69 '0
v0      90 '69 '50
v128   90 '69 '0
v0      90 '67 '35
v256   90 '67 '0
v0      90 '65 '50
v128   90 '65 '0
v0      90 '65 '45
v128   90 '65 '0
v0      90 '64 '50
v64    90 '64 '0
v64    90 '64 '40
v64    90 '64 '0
v64    90 '62 '45
v64    90 '62 '0
v64    90 '62 '50
v64    90 '62 '0
v64    90 '60 '30
v256   90 '60 '0
v0      ff 2f v0
    
```

General MIDI drum sounds

- Channel 10 is reserved for percussion sounds in General MIDI
- “Channel 10” → 9 in MIDI command-byte channel nibble
- Note-on command byte: 0x99
- Each key on the percussion channel represents a different instrument:

35	Acoustic Bass Drum	51	Ride Cymbal 1	67	High Agogo
36	Bass Drum 1	52	Chinese Cymbal	68	Low Agogo
37	Side Stick	53	Ride Bell	69	Cabasa
38	Acoustic Snare	54	Tambourine	70	Maracas
39	Hand Clap	55	Splash Cymbal	71	Short Whistle
40	Electric Snare	56	Cowbell	72	Long Whistle
41	Low Floor Tom	57	Crash Cymbal 2	73	Short Guiro
42	Closed High Hat	58	Vibraslap	74	Long Guiro
43	High Floor Tom	59	Ride Cymbal 2	75	Claves
44	Pedal High Hat	60	High Bongo	76	High Wood Block
45	Low Tom	61	Low Bongo	77	Low Wood Block
46	Open High Hat	62	Mute High Conga	78	Mute Cuica
47	Low Mid Tom	63	Open High Conga	79	Open Cuica
48	High Mid Tom	64	Low Conga	80	Mute Triangle
49	Crash Cymbal 1	65	High Timbale	81	Open Triangle
50	High Tom	66	Low Timbale		

- Play the cowbell: 99 '56 '64
- Drum sounds do not require note-off message

Polyrhythm in Type-1 MIDI files

- Binasc operator **t**: MIDI tempo
- Convert from tempo into 3-byte microsecond value

ff 51 03 **t40** → ff 51 03 **16 e3 60**

0x16e360 = 1,500,000 microseconds
 = 1.5 seconds per beat
 60/1.5 = 40 beats/minute

- Ticks-per-quarter notes set to 6 (LCM of 2 and 3) **Track 1**



Expression track

Track 1

Track 2

```

"MThd"
4'6
2'1
2'3
2'6

"MTrk"
4'11
v0 ff 51 03 t40
v0 ff 2f 00

"MTrk"
4'28
v0 99 '76 '64
v2 99 '76 '64
v2 99 '76 '64
v2 99 '76 '64
v2 99 '76 '64
v2 99 '76 '64
v0 ff 2f 00

"MTrk"
4'24
v0 99 '77 '64
v3 99 '77 '64
v3 99 '77 '64
v3 99 '77 '64
v3 99 '77 '64
v0 ff 2f 00
    
```


Polyrhythm in Type-0 MIDI file

```
"MThd"  
4'6  
2'1  
2'3  
2'6
```

```
"MTrk"  
4'11  
v0 ff 51 03 t40  
v0 ff 2f 00
```

```
"MTrk"  
4'28  
v0 99 '76 '64  
v2 99 '76 '64  
v2 99 '76 '64  
v2 99 '76 '64  
v2 99 '76 '64  
v2 99 '76 '64  
v2 99 '76 '64  
v0 ff 2f 00
```

```
"MTrk"  
4'24  
v0 99 '77 '64  
v3 99 '77 '64  
v3 99 '77 '64  
v3 99 '77 '64  
v3 99 '77 '64  
v0 ff 2f 00
```



```
"MThd"  
4'6  
2'0  
2'1  
2'6  
  
"MTrk"  
4'55  
  
v0 ff 51 03 t40  
v0 99 '76 '64  
v0 99 '77 '64  
v2 99 '76 '64  
v1 99 '77 '64  
v1 99 '76 '64  
v2 99 '76 '64  
v0 99 '77 '64  
v2 99 '76 '64  
v1 99 '77 '64  
v1 99 '76 '64  
v2 99 '77 '64  
v0 ff 2f 00
```



Accidentals (MIDI-plus)

"MThd"

4'6
2'0
2'1
2'120

"MTrk"

4'44
v0 90 '60 0110,10**10**
v120 80 '60 0
v0 90 '**61** 0110,10**10**
v120 80 '61 0
v0 90 '62 0110,10**10**
v120 80 '62 0
v0 90 '**61** 0110,10**01**
v120 80 '61 0
v0 90 '60 0110,10**10**
v120 80 '60 0
v120 ff 2f v0



Value	Key Number/Pitch Value											
	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71
0	pitch spelling undetermined											
1	D $\flat\flat$	D \flat	E $\flat\flat$	F $\flat\flat$	F \flat	G $\flat\flat$	G \flat	A $\flat\flat$	A \flat	B $\flat\flat$	C $\flat\flat$	C \flat
2	C	C \sharp	D	E \flat	E	F	F \sharp	G	G \sharp	A	B \flat	B
3	B \sharp	B $\sharp\sharp$	C $\sharp\sharp$	D \sharp	D $\sharp\sharp$	E \sharp	E $\sharp\sharp$	F $\sharp\sharp$	F $\sharp\sharp\sharp$	G $\sharp\sharp$	A \sharp	A $\sharp\sharp$

Pitchbend

Binasc syntax: **p** followed by a floating-point number in the range from -1.0 to +1.0 is converted into the two data bytes for MIDI pitch bend messages.



MIDI Pitch Bend Message:

E_ lsb msb

E_ = hex byte code starting with nibble “E”.
lsb = least significant 7 bits of value
msb = most significant 7 bits of value

p-1	→	00 00	→	000,0000;000,0000	=	0
p-0.5	→	00 20	→	010,0000;000,0000	=	4096
p0	→	00 40	→	100,0000;000,0000	=	8192
p0.5	→	7f 5f	→	101,1111;111,1111	=	12287
p1	→	7f 7f	→	111,1111;111,1111	=	16383

Pitch bend range is programmable (depending on synth), but typical default range is +/- 200 cents (+/- 2 semitones).

```
"MThd"  
4'6  
2'0  
2'1  
2'100  
  
"MTrk"  
4'72  
  
v0 90 '60 '100  
v90 80 '60 '100  
  
v10 e0 p0.5  
v0 90 '59 '100  
v90 80 '59 '100  
  
v10 e0 p-0.5  
v0 90 '61 '100  
v90 80 '61 '100  
  
v10 e0 p1  
v0 90 '58 '100  
v90 80 '58 '100  
  
v10 e0 p-1  
v0 90 '62 '100  
v90 80 '62 '100  
  
v10 e0 p0  
v0 90 '60 '100  
v90 80 '60 '100  
  
v0 ff 2f 00
```

Glissandos/Vibrato



```
"MThd"
```

```
4'6
```

```
2'0
```

```
2'1
```

```
2'100
```

```
"MTrk"
```

```
4'66
```

```
v0 ff 51 03 t40
```

```
v0 e0 p0.0
```

```
v0 c0 '71 ; clarinet
```

```
v0 90 '60 64
```

```
v20 e0 p0.05
```

```
v10 e0 p0.10
```

```
v10 e0 p0.15
```

```
v10 e0 p0.20
```

```
v10 e0 p0.25
```

```
v10 e0 p0.30
```

```
v10 e0 p0.35
```

```
v10 e0 p0.40
```

```
v10 e0 p0.45
```

```
v10 e0 p0.50
```

```
v30 80 '60 00
```

```
v0 ff 2f 00
```

Temperament

Quarter-comma meantone

v0	e0	'0	'64
v0	e1	'41	'56
v0	e2	'105	'61
v0	e3	'38	'67
v0	e4	'79	'59
v0	e5	'11	'65
v0	e6	'56	'57
v0	e7	'117	'62
v0	e8	'30	'55
v0	ea	'90	'60
v0	eb	'23	'66
v0	ec	'68	'58

Pitch-class Cent deviation from ET

c	0
c#	-24.0
d	-6.8
e-	+10.3
e	-13.7
f	+3.4
f#	-20.5
g	-3.4
a-	-27.4
a	-10.3
b-	+6.8
b	-17.1

Equal
temperament



Meantone



Temperament (2)

Kirnberger III

v0	e0	'0	'64
v0	e1	'112	'60
v0	e2	'104	'61
v0	e3	'16	'62
v0	e4	'79	'59
v0	e5	'48	'63
v0	e6	'112	'60
v0	e7	'116	'62
v0	e8	'64	'61
v0	ea	'92	'60
v0	eb	'96	'62
v0	ec	'32	'60

Pitch-class

Cent deviation from ET

c	0
c#	-9.775
d	-6.843
e-	-5.865
e	-13.686
f	-1.955
f#	-9.776
g	-3.422
a-	-7.82
a	-10.265
b-	-3.91
b	-11.73



Temperament (3)

Pythagorean

v0	e0	'0	'64
v0	e1	'49	'68
v0	e2	'32	'65
v0	e3	'16	'62
v0	e4	'64	'66
v0	e5	'48	'63
v0	e6	'96	'67
v0	e7	'80	'64
v0	e8	'64	'61
v0	ea	'112	'65
v0	eb	'96	'62
v0	ec	'16	'67

Pitch-class

Cent deviation from ET

c	0
c#	13.7
d	3.9
e-	-5.9
e	7.8
f	-1.96
f#	11.7
g	1.96
a-	-7.8
a	5.87
b-	-3.9
b	9.8



Temperament (4)

Vallotti			Pitch-class	Cent deviation from ET
v0	e0	'118 '65	c	+6
v0	e1	'0 '64	c#	0
v0	e2	'82 '64	d	+2
v0	e3	'36 '65	e-	+4
v0	e4	'46 '63	e	-2
v0	e5	'72 '66	f	+8
v0	e6	'46 '63	f#	-2
v0	e7	'36 '65	g	+4
v0	e8	'82 '64	a-	+2
v0	ea	'0 '64	a	0
v0	eb	'118 '65	b-	+6
v0	ec	'92 '62	b	-4



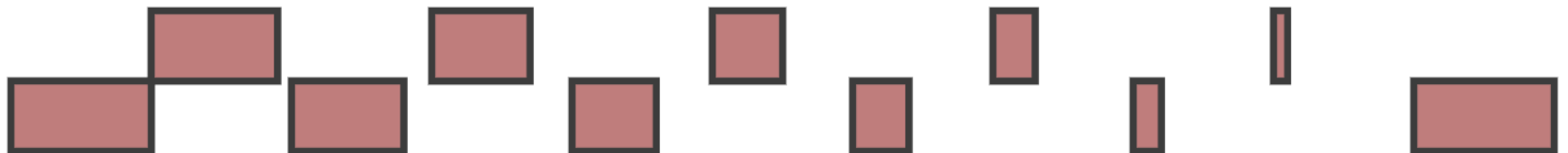
Staccato



```
"MThd"  
4'6  
2'0  
2'1  
2'100
```

```
"MTrk"  
4'95
```

```
v0 c0 '19  
v0 90 '60 64  
v100 80 '60 64  
v0 90 '61 64  
v90 80 '61 64  
v10 90 '60 64  
v80 80 '60 64  
v20 90 '61 64  
v70 80 '61 64  
v30 90 '60 64  
v60 80 '60 64  
v40 90 '61 64  
v50 80 '61 64  
v50 90 '60 64  
v40 80 '60 64  
v60 90 '61 64  
v30 80 '61 64  
v70 90 '60 64  
v20 80 '60 64  
v80 90 '61 64  
v10 80 '61 64  
v90 90 '60 64  
v100 80 '60 64  
v0 ff 2f 00
```



Ticks per Quarter & Round-off Error

"MThd"
 4 ' 6
 2 ' 0
 2 ' 1
 2 ' **128**

"MTrk"
 4 ' 76

v0 90 ' 60 64
 v**43** 80 ' 60 64
 v0 90 ' 62 64
 v**43** 80 ' 62 64
 v0 90 ' 64 64
 v**42** 80 ' 64 64

v0 90 ' 60 64
 v43 80 ' 60 64
 v0 90 ' 62 64
 v43 80 ' 62 64
 v0 90 ' 64 64
 v42 80 ' 64 64

v0 90 ' 60 64
 v43 80 ' 60 64
 v0 90 ' 62 64
 v43 80 ' 62 64
 v0 90 ' 64 64
 v42 80 ' 64 64

v128 ff 2f 00



"MThd"
 4 ' 6
 2 ' 0
 2 ' 1
 2 ' **120**

"MTrk"
 4 ' 76

v0 90 ' 60 64
 v**40** 80 ' 60 64
 v0 90 ' 62 64
 v**40** 80 ' 62 64
 v0 90 ' 64 64
 v**40** 80 ' 64 64

v0 90 ' 60 64
 v40 80 ' 60 64
 v0 90 ' 62 64
 v40 80 ' 62 64
 v0 90 ' 64 64
 v40 80 ' 64 64

v0 90 ' 60 64
 v40 80 ' 60 64
 v0 90 ' 62 64
 v40 80 ' 62 64
 v0 90 ' 64 64
 v40 80 ' 64 64

v120 ff 2f 00




Continuous controllers

General MIDI controller numbers:

<http://www.ccarh.org/courses/253/handout/controllers>

Controller 10 (zero offset) is stereo pan left/right

0 left  127 right



```
"MThd"  
4'6  
2'1  
2'3  
2'100  
  
"MTrk"  
4'76  
  
v0 b9 '10 '0  
v0 99 '60 '90  
v100 b9 '10 '16  
v0 99 '60 '90  
v100 b9 '10 '32  
v0 99 '60 '90  
v100 b9 '10 '48  
v0 99 '60 '90  
v100 b9 '10 '64  
v0 99 '60 '90  
v100 b9 '10 '80  
v0 99 '60 '90  
v100 b9 '10 '96  
v0 99 '60 '90  
v100 b9 '10 '112  
v0 99 '60 '90  
v100 b9 '10 '127  
v0 99 '60 '90  
  
v0 ff 2f 00
```

Attack velocity versus Main volume

```
"MThd"  
4'6  
2'0  
2'1  
2'200  
"MTrk"  
4'80  
v0 99 '60 '10  
v100 99 '60 '20  
v100 99 '60 '30  
v100 99 '60 '40  
v100 99 '60 '50  
v100 99 '60 '60  
v100 99 '60 '70  
v100 99 '60 '80  
v100 99 '60 '90  
v100 99 '60 '100  
v100 99 '60 '110  
v100 99 '60 '120  
v100 99 '60 '127  
v100 99 '60 '110  
v100 99 '60 '90  
v100 99 '60 '70  
v100 99 '60 '50  
v100 99 '60 '30  
v100 99 '60 '10  
v0 ff 2f 00
```

```
"MThd"  
4'6  
2'0  
2'1  
2'200  
"MTrk"  
4'156  
v0 b9 07 '10 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '20 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '30 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '40 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '50 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '60 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '70 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '80 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '90 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '100 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '110 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '120 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '127 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '110 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '90 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '70 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '50 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '30 v0 99 '60 '127  
v100 b9 07 '10 v0 99 '60 '127  
v0 ff 2f 00
```



How to cheat at counting bytes

In Terminal.app, use the “wc” command to count the number of bytes within a track.

Step 1: compile your MIDI file with binasc

```
binasc myfile.txt -c myfile.mid
```

Step 2: decompile your MIDI file into hex bytes

```
binasc myfile.mid > bytecodes.txt
```

Step 3: pull out the bytes of a track (easy if a type-0 MIDI file, otherwise search for next “MTrk” tag and/or ff 2f 00 end-of-track marker) and save to separate text file. Then use wc to count the “words” in the file:

```
wc -w trackbytes.txt
```

Step 4: take that number and put into track size field of original file, `myfile.txt`

Homework 5b

- Create a MIDI file with at least 25 MIDI messages
- Incorporate at least 4 of the following features into the MIDI file:
 - Type-1 MIDI file (multi-track)
 - Patch change (timbre/instrument change)
 - Pitch bend (glissandos, temperament)
 - Articulations (accents, staccato/legato)
 - Continuous controller (master volume, pan)
 - Meta message (tempo, key signature, time signature, track name)
 - Percussion sounds
 - Chords
- Send me a copy of the MIDI file by next Thursday's class so we can play them.